200		~ 1
(Pag	TAC	23
(1 0)	-	41

Reg. No:	 	 
Name:	 	 

### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

## Third Semester BA Degree Examination, November 2017 ECO3B03 - Quantitative Method for Economic Analysis – I

(2016 Admission onwards)

Max. Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

## PART A Answer All Questions. Each question carries ½ marks

Multi	the Choices.	
1.	The Range of 15,12,10,9,17,20 is	
	(a) 5	(b) 12
	(c) 13	(d) 11
2.	Natural logarithms are logarithms with base	est servicialistin service mitternitte
	(a) 1	(b) 10
	(c) e	(d) 0
3.	When $b^x = 1$ the value of x is	
	(a) 1	(b) 0
	(c) -1	(d) Infinity
4.	The solution of the equation $4=2/3x$ is	
	(a) 4	(b) 6
	(b) 1	(d) None of these
5.	Inverse of a matrix 'A' exists only when	
	(a) $ A =0$	(b)  A ≠0
	(c) AdjA=A	(d) None of these
6.	Ogives are useful to locate	
	(a) Median	(b) Mode
	(c) Weighted Arithmetic mean	(d) Mean
7.	Dispersion can also be studied graphically with the help of.	CONTRACTOR STREET
	(a) Lorenz curve	(b) Ogives
	(b) Frequency polygon	(d) Histogram
8.	Skewness means	
	(a) Lack of symmetry	(b) Bulginess
	(c) Normal curve	(d) None of the above
9.	Correlation coefficient measures	
	(a) Variability	(b) Location
	(c) Relation	(d) Concentration
10.	Which is the best measure of Dispersion?	
	(a) Range	(b) QD
	(c) MD	(d) SD
11.	Pie chart represents the components of a factor by	
	(a) Percentages	(b) Angles
	(c) Sectors	(d) Circles
12.	Mean=18, Median=20, then Mode =	
	(a) 25	(b) 24
	(c) 23	(d) 22

#### PART B

### Answer any 10 Questions. Each question carries 2 marks

- 13. Find the value of  $\left[\frac{1}{125}\right]^{-3}$
- 14. Define Geometric mean and Harmonic mean.

15. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  compute AB

- 16. What are the merits and demerits of Median?
- 17. Define Singular and Non singular matrix.
- 18. Calculate SD and CV of the numbers 5 to 15.
- 19. What are the properties of correlation coefficient?
- 20. Write a note on graphical methods of correlation.
- 21. Evaluate  $\frac{(3.88)^2 \times \sqrt{3.38}}{15.8}$  using logarithm.
- 22. Mention the usefulness of measures of dispersion
- 23. Find the slope of the line joining points (2, 3) and (4, 9)
- 24. What is Frequency polygon? How will you construct it?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART C

### Answer any 6 Questions each question carries 5 marks

- 25. What are the important properties of a determinant?
- 26. Define Kurtosis. What are the various measures of kurtosis?
- 27. Briefly explain the positional averages.

28. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 show that A-3A+2I =0

- 29. Find the inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 8 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$
- 30. What are the different types of correlation?
- Find the equilibrium price and quantity, if the demand and supply equations are respectively, 2p = 14-x and 12p = 14+x.
- 32. Calculate Mean, Median and Mode for the following data.

Classes	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
Frequency	5	15	40	32	20	8

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART D

### Answer any 2 Questions each question carries 12 marks

33. Solve using crammer's rule. 2x+3y-z=9

$$x+y+z = 9$$
$$3x-y-z = -1$$

- 34. Discuss the merits and demerits of the various measures of central tendency. Which particular measure is considered as the best and why? Illustrate your answer.
- 35. Calculate Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient from the following data.

X	22	26	29	30	31	33	34	35
Y	19	21	22	29	27	24	27	31

36. What are the measures of Dispersion? State their merits and demerits.

(2 x12=24 Marks)

2B3N1	7051	(Pages: 2)	Reg. No:		
			Name:		
	FAROOK COLLEG	GE (AUTONOMOUS),	KOZHIKODE		
	Third Semester BA	Degree Examination, 1	November 2017		
		Modern Banking & In	surance		
Max. T	ime: 3 hours	6 Admission onwards)	Max. Marks: 80		
		PART A	Market managem electric states		
Multin	Answer All Qu le choice questions	estions. Each question	carries ½ marks		
1.		ty is antrusted to shalk o	out and implement monetary policies?		
1.			and the state of t		
			Government		
2	c) IRDA	d) SEBI			
2.	The oldest form of insurance is				
	a) Fire Insurance		ock Insurance		
	c) Marine Insurance	d) Health			
3.	Which insurance is popular to cover a policyholder against death throughout his life term?				
	a) Term Insurance	b) Endow	ment Policy		
	c) Annuities	d) Whole	Life Policy		
4.	The head quarter of SEBI is loo	cated at:			
	a) Hyderabad	b) Mumba	ai and southers the notion of the public		
	c) New Delhi	d) Calcutt	a		
Fill in	the blanks				
5.	Regional Rural Banks (RRBs)	started their functions in	1		
6.	is the simplest form of insurance that life insurance companies offer.				
7.	is defined as the ratio of premium underwritten in a given year to the total				
	population.				
8.	cards are very easy	to secure and useful at	any time to buy something and money is		
	deducted from our account.				
Answe	er in a word or sentence				
9.	The money market in India is	come under the control of	of:		
10.	RTGS		e seus an constitue la troe la milita		
11.	IRDA				
12.	Can you locate the headquarte	rs of LIC?			

 $(12x \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART B

# Very short answer questions Answer any 10. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)
- 14. Burglary Insurance.
- 15. What is Consortium Banking?
- 16. What is Insurance Score?
- 17. Unit Banking
- 18. What is cheque truncation system?
- 19. NABARD
- 20. Define Reinsurance
- 21. What is General Insurance?
- 22. What is E-Purse?
- 23. Money Back Life Insurance Policy
- 24. What do you meant by the term 'Revival' in the insurance sector?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART C

# Short Essay Type Questions Answer Any 6 Questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 25. Discuss briefly the evolution of banking sector in India.
- 26. Explain the vital roles played by the insurance sector in the socio-economic development of the country like India.
- 27. What are the major role and functions of banking ombudsman?
- 28. Define money market. What are the major defects of Indian money market?
- 29. Bring out the major differences between life insurance policies and general insurance policies.
- 30. What is risk management? What are the principles and elements of good risk management?
- 31. Enumerate the major recommendations of Narasimham Committee Report on Banking Sector Reforms.
- 32. Critically examine the role of RBI as credit controller and lender of the last resort.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART D

## Essay Type Questions Answer Any 2 Questions. Each question carries 12 marks

- 33. Critically examine the role and functions of Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA). Discuss the new regulatory guidelines of IRDA.
- 34. Explain elaborately the structure and functions of commercial banks in India.
- 35. What is motor insurance? Discuss the different kinds, procedure and pattern of settlement of claims of motor insurance in India.
- 36. What is social banking? In what ways the social banking principles help to attain the socioeconomic development of the country?

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

1B3N1	7052	(Pages: 2)	Reg. No:		
			Name:		
	FAROOK C	OLLEGE (AUTONOMO	OUS), KOZHIKOD	E	
		er BA Degree Examina		17	
	ECO3C04	<ul> <li>Mathematical Tools 1</li> <li>(2016 Admission onw</li> </ul>			
Max. T	Time: 1.5 hours	(2010 Admission onw	arus)	Max. Marks: 40	
		PART A		4年1月2	
A-Obj	ective Type Questions	Answer all question	ins .		
1.	$\lim_{x\to 2} 10$ is				
	a) 20	(b) 10	(c)0	(d)2	
2	$\frac{d}{dx}x^{1/2}$ is	Assistance al municipal		mixing a vita mi	
	(a) $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$	$(b)\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$	(c) $\frac{1}{2}x^2$	(d)None of these	
3.	Fourth derivative of 5x	<sup>3</sup> is			
	(a) 15	(b) 30	(c) 60	(d) 0	
4.	For a function $y=f(x)$ v	when $x_1 < x_2$ and $f(x_1) < f(x_2)$	) then the function	is .	
	(a) Decreasing	(b) Increasing	(c) Convex	(d) Concave	
5.	If $f^{II}(a) > 0$ at $x=a$ t	hen f(x)			
	a) Increasing	b) Decreasing	(c) Concave	(d) Convex	
6.	Marginal revenue whe	n revenue function is R=	$20Q-Q^2  \text{and } Q=10$	) is	
	(a) 0	(b) 10	(c)2	(d) 5	
				$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ Marks})$	
	O.	Part B			
	(*	ery Short Answer Type Answer any 6 quest			
7.	Find the limit value of the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 30}{x^2 - 4x - 12}$ as x approaches to 6				
8.	Check the continuity of the function at x=1 when $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{x - 1}$				
9.	Find the derivative of the function $f(x) = \frac{3x^2+2}{4x-2}$				
10.	Find the second deriva	tive of $y=x^2e^x$			
11.	State the conditions for	r convexity of a function	Give an evample		

12.

13.

14.

Write a short note on curve sketching.

How can we obtain total revenue function from the demand function.

State the mathematical relationship between elasticity of demand, AR and MR

 $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ Marks})$ 

## Part C (Short Essay) Answer any Three questions

- 15. Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 9}{x^2 5x + 6}$ . Is f(x) continuous at x = 3? why?
- 16. Differentiate
  - a)  $y=(x^4+x^3)(x^2+x)$
  - b) y=xlogx
- 17. Test whether the following function is increasing, decreasing or stationary state at x=1 and 4 if  $y=7x^3-10x^2-10x+5$
- 18. Find the relative extreme value of the function  $f(x) = 3x^3 36x^2 + 135x 50$

(3×5=15 Marks)

## Part D (Essay Questions)

## Answer any one of the following questions

- Briefly explain the mathematical and economic applications of differentiation .Give
   Examples.
- 20. Given the following total revenue and total cost functions of a firm .Find the profit maximizing level of output and the maximum profit if the revenue function TR=4350Q-13Q<sup>2</sup> and cost function TC=Q<sup>3</sup>-5.5Q<sup>2</sup>+150Q+675

(1×10=10 Marks)