David can	10 miles	*
B3N16137	(Pages: 2)	Reg. No:
	Action of the San San Control	Name:
	OLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)	
Third Semes	ster BSc Degree Examination,	November 2016
BOT3B03T - Microl	biology, Mycology, Licheno	logy & Plant Pathology
√ax. Time: 3 hours	(2015 Admission onwards)	manufacture in the second of the first of the second
		Max. Marks: 80
	PART A	
(Answer all	the questions, each question of	carries 1 mark)
		an i res a mark)
. Name a free living nitrogen	fixing bacteria.	
. Give an example for foliose	lichen.	
. The causative organism of N	Mahali disease of Arecanut is	
<ul> <li>Name the fungus which caus</li> </ul>	ses damping off disease.	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
. The lichens living on rocks a	are called	
Prions are	برود سبط والشاعار	
. What is necrosis?		kallan san an arawa a isa a isa
. The gelatinous covering pres	sent around the cell wall of so	me bacteria are called
Differentiate between teleute		*
0. Give an example for copror	philous fungi.	^ _go _^
		$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$
	Part B	
(Answer all	l questions, each question car	ries 2 marks)
	i and a second discourse can	ies z marks )
1. Differentiate between fimbr	riae and pili.	
2. What are single cell protein		*:
3. What is plasmodium?		
4. Write down the symptoms of		
<ol><li>Distinguish between conidia</li></ol>		
6. Write a short note on clamp		
7. Write about the ecological s		
8. What are the important sym	ptoms of fungal diseases of p	lants?
9. Differentiate between plasm	nids and episomes.	
<ol> <li>What are the quarantine me</li> </ol>	asures for plant disease contro	ol?
J		$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

## PART - C

# III. Answer any six questions. Each question carries five marks

(6x5=30 marks)

- 22. What are wind breaks?
- 23. Distinguish between parasitism and predation.
- 24. What is meant by Nitrogen fixation?
- 25. Write notes on the anatomical adaptations of xerophytes.
- 26. Write notes on age structure
- 27. What is meant by Polyclimax Theory
- 28. Rotation of crops
- 29. Primary Productivity

## PART - D

IV. Answer any three questions. Each question carries eight marks

(3x8=24 marks)

- 30. Define ecological succession? Give an account of the general pattern of succession?
- 31. What is meant by ecological pyramid? Describe the different types?
- 32. Write an account on ecological adaptation of halophytes?
- 33. Define Symbiosis? Give an account of various types of interactions among organisms.
- 34. What is meant by scientific method? Describe the various steps of scientific method.

1B3N16138	(Pages : 2) Reg. No:
	Name:
	FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE
	Third Semester BSc Degree Examination, November 2016
BOT3C03T -	MORPHOLOGY, SYSTEMATIC BOTANY, ECONOMIC BOTANY,
	PLANT BREEDING AND HORTICULTURE
	(2015 Admission onwards)
Max. Time: 3 hours	Max. Marks: 64
	Part A
٨	(Answer all questions, each question carries 1 mark)
1. The calyx mod	ified into hairs is called as
2. The elongated	stalk in between the androecium and gynoecium is called as
3. Central Nation	al Herbarium (CNH) is situated at
4. Duplicates of a	holotype collected by the original author is called as
5. The date whi	ch is considered as the starting point of Binomial system of nomenclatur
6. In the family (	Caesalpiniaceae, aestivation is
	f the useful part of clove is
	an example for intergeneric hybrid
	election method is commonly used in self-pollinating crops
	ropagation method employed in Begonia is
10. Vegetative pi	(1 x 10 = 10 marks
	Part B
	(Answer any seven questions, each question carries 2 marks)
11 Distinguish h	between Diplostemonous and Obdiplostemonous stamens
	otes on symmetry of flowers.
	ibe about the characteristic inflorescence type of the family Moraceae.
	atonyms and Homonyms?
	mean by effective and valid publications?
	otes on Artificial and Natural systems of classification.
	medicinal uses of Rauvolfia serpentina and Curcuma longa
	ploid breeding?

- 19. Distinguish between Vertical and Horizontal resistance.
- 20. What is seed certification?

 $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

### Part C

(Answer any six of the following, each question carries 4 marks)

- 21. Flower is a modified shoot. Substantiate the statement.
- 22. What is aestivation. Describe the different types with suitable diagrams.
- 23. Describe about the major botanical gardens of India.
- 24. What is Cytotaxonomy? How is it made useful for classification purposes?
- 25. Describe the diagnostic features of the family Rubiaceae.
- 26. Describe the major objectives of plant breeding.
- 27. Discuss the procedure of breeding for disease resistance.
- 28. Discuss the various disciplines of horticulture.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

### Part D

(Answer any two of the following, each question carries 8 marks)

- 29. Describe the various types of Cymose and Racemose inflorescences with suitable diagrams
- 30. Describe the methodology for the preparation and storage of a standard herbarium.
- 31. Write an essay on Hybridization.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

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