FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Third Semester BA Degree Examination, November 2022

BEC3B03 - Quantitative Methods for Economic Analysis - I

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2 1/2 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Part A

(Short answer questions: the maximum mark in this section is 25. The student may answer all of the questions, and each question carries 2 marks.)

- 1. Simplify $(2^{m+2} 2^m)/2^m$
- 2. Solve the quadratic equation $3x^2 = x + 4$ using quadratic formula
- 3. Determine whether the following relationship is a function and explain why or why not $f = \{(1,3), (1,5), (2,3), (2,5)\}$
- 4. Graph the linear function: 2Y + 10X = 20
- 5. What is a vertical line test?
- 6. Find the equation of a straight line where the first point is (2,6) and the slope is -1.5
- 7. What is scale of measurement of variable?
- 8. What is Likert scale question?
- Assume that for a distribution, the total number of observations is 64, the smallest value is 20, and the highest is 90. Determine the required number of classes and class interval using Struge's rule.
- 10. State mathematical properties of arithmetic mean?
- 11. Consider the values 2, 4, -1, 16, 32, and find out the GM and HM.
- 12. Given the following data:number of observations =100; arithmetic mean=180; variance = 324. Find the coefficient of variation?
- 13. The arithmetic mean and median in a moderately skewed distribution are 28.1 and 27.6. Find the value of mode?
- 14. What is Gini Coefficient?
- 15. Difference between regression and correlation?

Part B

(Short essay questions: the maximum mark in this section is 35. The student may answer all of the questions, and each question carries 5 marks.)

16. Solve the following system of three equations in three unknowns

$$x + y + z = 6$$

$$x - y + z = 2$$

$$x + 2y - z = 2$$

17. Solve the following linear-quadratic system of equations algebraically and check your solution using graph.

$$y = x + 2$$
$$y = x^2$$

- 18. What are the various applications of functions in Economics?
- 19. Discuss the term statistics, its function and its importance in economics?
- 20. Summarise the major stages of a statistical investigation
- 21. Calculate AM, GM and HM for the data 32, 35, 36, 37, 39, 41 and 43. Show that AM>GM>HM
- 22. What are the drawbacks of various measures of dispersion, and how is the standard deviation able to overcome these drawbacks?
- 23. From the following data, calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation

Υ .	X
10	4
20	8
30	12
40	16
50	20

Part C
(Essay questions: answer any 2 questions andeach questions carries 10 marks)

- 24. What are the various methods of probability and non-probability sampling?
- 25. From the following data, calculate the Karl Pearson coefficient of skewness and comment on the distribution.

Wage in (000)	No of labours
0-10	6
10-20	4
20-30	5
30-40	7
40-50	8

26. The following data is related to the consumption and income of 10 families. Estimate the regression equation and interpret the results.

SI No	Income	Consumption
1	80	65
2	90	70
3	100	85
4	120	90
5	140	120
6	150	135
7	160	145
8	180	160
9	180	160
10	200	180

27. What is rank correlation. From the following data calculate the spearman rank correlation and interpret the results.

X	Y
10	15
20	25
70	30
20	45
30	30
40	65
20	35
- 50	40
30 .	20
60	50

1B3N22046	(Pages: 2)	Reg. No:

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Third Semester BA Degree Examination, November 2022

BEC3B04 - Macro Economics - I

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2 1/2 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Name:

Section A

Short Answer Questions: maximum mark in this section is 25. All questions can be attended. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define MPC
- 2. What is classical dichotomy?
- 3. Define structural unemployment
- 4. What is a macroeconomic model?
- 5. Define Keynesian aggregate demand function
- 6. What is Pigou effect?
- 7. Define personal income
- 8. What is money illusion?
- 9. Distinguish between ex ante and ex post variables
- 10. What is meant by paradox of thrift?
- 11. Define real GNP
- 12. What is the wage cut theory of Pigou?
- 13. Define dynamics
- 14. What is the transaction velocity approach?
- 15. Define demonstration effect

Section B

Paragraph Type questions. Maximum mark in this section is 35. All questions can be attended. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 16. Write a note on the major classical postulates
- 17. Explain the various methods of national income estimation
- 18. Elucidate the absolute income hypothesis
- 19. Critically examine the Say's law of market
- 20. What are the major macroeconomic issues?
- 21. Briefly explain the classification of GNP
- 22. Elaborate the scope and limitations of macroeconomics
- 23. What is meant by Keynesian under employment equilibrium? Explain.

Essay type questions: Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries 10 marks

- 24. Elaborate the origin and growth of macroeconomics. Explain the scope of macroeconomics.
- 25. Define national income. Explain the different concepts of national income
- 26. Elucidate the Keynesian revolution in macroeconomics. Is it really a revolution against classical ideas.
- 27. Permanent income hypothesis is a superior development in the consumption theory.

 Comment.

OC

1B3N22047	(Pages: 1)
-----------	------------

Reg. No:....

Name:

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Third Semester BA Degree Examination, November 2022

BEC3C04 - Mathematical Methods for Economics III

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 1 1/2 hours

Max. Marks: 40

Part A

(Very Short Answer Type Questions. Each question carries 2 marks)

- 1. Explain partial differentiation
- 2. What are concave and convex functions
- 3. Find maxima and minima of $x^4 2x^2$
- 4. What is relative extrema of a function
- 5. Find Marginal Cost from total cost function $TC = 35+5Q-2Q^2+2Q$
- 6. Given the demand function Q = 5p+100, find the elasticity of demand when price (p) is 5.
- 7. What is total derivative?

(Ceiling 10 marks)

Part B

(All Questions may be answered. Each question carries 5 marks)

- 8. Calculate the maximum profit $TR = 1400Q-6Q^2$ and TC = 1500+80Q
- 9. Find the points of inflection of the curve $Y = x^3 15x^2 + 20x + 10$
- 10. Explain different types of functions in economics
- 11. Explain Legrange Multiplier. Examine the function $f(x,y) = 5x^2 + 6y^2 xy$ for maxima and minima, subject to x+2y=24
- 12. The Total Revenue (R) and Total Cost (C) functions of a firm are given by $R = 30Q-Q^2$ and C = 20+4Q, where Q is total output. Find equilibrium output of the firm.

(Ceiling 20 marks)

Part C

(Short Answer Questions. Answer any one of the following questions)

- 13. Explain the rules of partial differentiation with suitable examples
- 14. For a firm under perfect competition, it is given that Total Cost function is

 $C = \frac{1}{3}q^3-5q^2+28q+27$, where q denotes units of output. For price P = Rs.19. Find quantity should be produced for attaining maximum profit and the amount of maximum profit.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$