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### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

## Second Semester B.Sc Mathematics Degree Examination April 2022

### BMT2B02 - Calculus - 2

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2.5 hours

Max. Marks: 80

## Section A All Questions can be attended Each question carries 2 marks (Ceiling 25 marks)

- 1. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$  and y = x
- 2. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region under the graph  $y=\sqrt{x}$  on  $0 \le x \le 2$  about x-axis
- 3. Find the arc length of the curve y = 2x + 1,  $0 \le x \le 3$
- 4. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = ln\sqrt{1+x^2}$
- 5. Solve  $e^{2-3x} = 6$
- 6. Show that  $e^{x_1}e^{x_2} = e^{x_1+x_2}$
- 7. Show that  $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin^{-1} x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
- 8. When you say that a real sequence  $\{a_n\}$  is convergent to a point L, give an example for convergent sequence
- 9. Show that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n}{n+1}$  is divergent
- 10. When you say that a sequence  $\{a_n\}$  is monotonically increasing sequence, also give an example for it
- What you mean by bounded sequence, give an example for bounded sequence which is convergent
- 12. Using Squeeze theorem, evaluate  $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$
- 13. Determine whether the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 5\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{n-1}$  is convergent or not, justify your answer
- 14. Let  $y = x^x$ , find the derivative of y
- 15. Find the integral  $\int_0^3 2^x dx$

# Section B All Questions can be attended Each question carries 5 marks (Ceiling 35 marks)

- 16. Find the area of the surface obtained by revolving the graph  $x = y^3$  on  $0 \le y \le 1$  about y-axis
- 17. Show that  $\ln(ab) = \ln a + \ln b$
- 18. Show that  $\sinh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$  on  $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 19. Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^x$
- 20. Find the value of p for which  $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{p}} dx$  is convergent and divergent
- 21. Describe the improper integral of First kind, Second kind and Third kind, also give examples to each cases
- 22. State "The Alternate Series Test", hence prove that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$  is convergent
- 23. Find the radius of convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!}$

## Section C Answer any two questions Each question carries 10 marks (2 X 10 = 20)

- 24. a) Evaluate the improper integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{0} xe^{x} dx$ 
  - b) Show that  $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n} = 0$
- 25. a) Evaluate the improper integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ 
  - b) Determine whether the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$  is convergent or divergent
- 26. a) Find the Maclarin series expansion of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}$ 
  - b) Check the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}}$
- 27. a) Find the Maclarin series of  $f(x) = x^2 \sin 2x$ 
  - b) Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of  $x = y^2$  and y = x 2

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FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Second Semester B.Sc Degree Examination April 2022

BMT2C02 - Mathematics 2

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Section A
All questions can be attended
Each question carries 2 marks

- 1. What is the polar coordinates of (x, y) = (2, -4)?
- 2. Find  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4+x^2}}$ .
- 3. Find the length of the graph of  $f(x) = (x-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2$  on [1, 2].
- 4. Evaluate  $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{n-3n^2}{n^2+1}$ .
- 5. Write down the Maclaurien series for  $\sin x$ .
- 6. Define absolutely convergent and conditionally convergent series.
- 7. Give the standered basis for the vector space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- 8. Define spanS, where  $S \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ .
- 9. Give two properties of determinant.
- 10. State criterion for Orthogonal Diagonalizability.
- 11. Define LU- factorization of a square matrix A.
- 12. State Cayley Hamilton theorem.

(Ceiling: 20 Marks)

Turn over

# Section B All questions can be attended Each question carries 5 marks

- 13. Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of  $r = \cos 3\theta$  at  $(r, \theta) = (-1, \frac{\pi}{3})$ .
- 14. Prove that  $\tanh^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} ln[\frac{(1+x)}{(1-x)}], -1 < x < 1.$
- 15. Evaluate the area of the surface obtained by revolving the graph  $x^3$  on [0, 1] about the x axis.
- 16. Test for convergence (i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^n}{n!}$  and (ii)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n}{n^n}$
- 17. Find the Taylor series for  $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$  at  $x_0 = 1$ .
- 18. Approximate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (x^2 + 1) dx$  with n = 10 using Trapezoidal Rule and Simpson's Rule.
- 19. Use Gaussian elimination method to solve

$$2x_1 + 6x_2 + x_3 = 7$$
  

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = -1$$
  

$$5x_1 + 7x_2 - 4x_3 = 9$$

(Ceiling: 30 Marks)

#### Section C Answer any one question Question carries 10 marks

- 20. (a) Find the length of the cardioid  $\tau = 1 + \cos \theta$  ( $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$ ).
  - (b) For which x does the series  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{\sqrt{i+1}} x^i$  converges?
- 21. (a) Use Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process transform the basis  $B = \{(1, 1, 0), (1, 2, 2), (2, 2, 1)\}$  into an orthonormal basis.
  - (b) Find the eigenvalues and eigen vectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ .

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$