FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

First Semester B.Sc Mathematics Degree Examination, November 2022 BMT1B01 - Basic Logic and Calculus - I

(2022 Admission onwards)

Time: 2 1/2 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Section A All questions can be attended Each question carries 2 marks

- 1. Write the contra positive of the implication: 'If London is in France, the Paris is in England'
- 2. Verify $p \to q \equiv p \lor q$
- 3. Negate the proposition $\forall x(x^2 = x)$ where UD is the set of integers.
- 4. Find $\lim_{x\to -1} (3x^2 + 2x + 1)^5$
- 5. Use the graph to find the limit: $\lim_{x\to 3^-} [x]$
- 6. Find $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{3x}$
- 7. Given $\lim_{x\to 2} 3x = 6$. Find the value of δ that corresponds to $\epsilon = 0.01$
- 8. Verify that $f(x) = x^2 4x + 3$ satisfies the hypothesis of Rolle's Theorem on [1,3]. Find the value of c.
- 9. Determine the intervals where $f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$ is concave upward and where it concave downward.
- 10. Find $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x^2 + 1}{x 2}$
- 11. Find dimensions of the rectangle of greatest area that has it's base on the x-axis and is inscribed in the parabola $y = 9 - x^2$.
- 12. Find $\int \frac{2x^2-1}{x^2} dx$
- 13. Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{10} 3k^2(2k+1)$
- 14. Evaluate the definite integral by interpreting geometrically: $\int_0^4 \sqrt{16-x^2} dx$
- 15. Suppose $\int_{1}^{6} f(x)dx = 8$ and $\int_{4}^{6} f(x)dx = 5$. Evaluate: $\int_{1}^{4} f(x)dx$.

(ceiling 25 Marks)

Section B All questions can be attended Each question carries 5 marks

16. Prove directly that the product of two odd integers is an odd integer.

17. Let P(x,y): $y < x^2$ and x and y are real numbers. Determine the truth values of:

i)
$$(\forall x)(\forall y)P(x,y)$$

ii)
$$(\exists x)(\forall y)P(x,y)$$

18. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 4, & \text{if } x < 4 \\ x - 2, & \text{if } x \ge 4 \end{cases}$. Sketch the graph and evaluate

$$\lim_{x\to 4^{-}} f(x)$$
, $\lim_{x\to 4^{+}} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x\to 4} f(x)$

- 19. Find the linearization of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ at a = 4. Use the result to approximate $\sqrt{3.9}$
- 20. Find the extreme values of $f(x) = 3x^4 4x^3 8$ on [-1, 2]
- 21. Find the relative extrema of $f(x) = x^3 3x^2 24x + 32$ using second derivative test.
- 22. The velocity function of a car moving along a straight road is given by v(t) = t 20, $0 \le t \le 40$, where v(t) is measured in feet per second and t in seconds. Find the position of the car at t = 40.
- 23. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \int_0^{x^3} \cos t^2 dt$

(ceiling 35 Marks)

Section C Answer any two questions Each question carries 10 marks

24. Check the validity of the following argument:

Babies are illogical.

Nobody is despised who can manage a crocodile.

Illogical persons are despised.

- : Babies cannot manage crocodiles
- 25. a) Show that the function defined by $f(x) = \sqrt{4 x^2}$ is continuous on [-2, 2]

b) Let
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2, & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ kx^2, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$
, find the value of k that will make f continuous on $(-\infty, \infty)$.

- 26. Sketch the graph $f(x) = \frac{4x-4}{x^2}$
- 27. a) Show that $\int_{a}^{b} x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} (b^2 a^2)$
 - b) Compute Riemann sum for $f(x) = 4 x^2$ on [-1,3] using five subintervals and choosing evaluation points at the midpoints.

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Reg. No:

Name:

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

First Semester B.Sc (Chemistry, Physics & Statistics) Degree Examination,

November 2022

BMT1C01- Mathematics - I

(2022 Admission onwards)

Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Section A All questions can be attended. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Find the limit $\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x^4-16}{x-2}$.
- 2. Discuss the behaviour of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ near x = 0.
- 3. Suppose that a function f(x) is defined for all x in the interval [-1, 1]. Can anything be said about the existence of $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$? Give reasons.
- 4. If $\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{f(x)}{x^2} = 1$, then find $\lim_{x \to -2} f(x)$.
- 5. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of f(x) = -x 4 on the interval [-4,1].
- 6. Find $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{5x^2 + 8x 3}{3x^2 + 2}$.
- 7. If $1 \frac{x^2}{6} < \frac{x \sin x}{2 2 \cos x} < 1$ for all x close to zero, find $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x \sin x}{2 2 \cos x}$.
- 8. Find the slope of the curve $y = \frac{1}{x-1}$ at x = 3.
- 9. State intermediate value property of derivatives.
- 10. Suppose it costs $c(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 15x$ dollars to produce x radiators when 8 to 30 radiators are produced. A shop currently produces 10 radiators a day. About how much extra will it cost to produce one more radiator a day.
- 11. Find $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{8x^2}{\cos x 1}$.
- 12. State mean value theorem for definite integral.

(Ceiling: 20 Marks)

Section B All questions can be attended. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. Define g(4) in a way that extends $g(x) = \frac{4x-x^2}{2-\sqrt{x}}$ to be continuous at x = 4.
- 14. Does the curve $y = x^4 2x^2 + 2$ have any horizontal tangents? If so, where?
- 15. Find the derivative of $g(t) = \tan (5 \sin 2t)$.
- 16. Find the tangent and normal to the curve $x^2 xy + y^2 = 7$ at the point (-1, 2).
- 17. How rapidly will the fluid level inside a vertical cylindrical tank drop if we pump the fluid out at the rate of 3000 L/min.
- 18. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} \sin(t^2) dt$.
- 19. If f is continuous on [a, b], then prove that $F(x) = \int_a^x f(t)dt$ has a derivative at

every point of
$$[a, b]$$
 and $\frac{dF}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \int_a^x f(t) dt = f(x), \ a \le x \le b.$

(Ceiling: 30 Marks)

Section C Answer any one question. Question carries 10 marks.

- 20. i) The curve $y = ax^4 + bx + c$ passes through the point (1,2) and is tangent to the line y = x at the origin. Find a, b and c.
 - ii) Find the asymptotes of the graph of $f(x) = \frac{x^2 3}{2x 3}$.
- 21. i) Graph the function $y = x^3 3x + 3$ by including the coordinates of local extreme points and points of inflections.
 - ii) Find the area of the region between the x-axis and the graph of $y = x^3 2x^2 + 2 = 0$

 $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x, 0 \le x \le 2.$