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Name:	 	

### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Sixth Semester BCOM CA Degree Examination, March/April 2020 BCCA6B15 - Computerized Accounting with Tally

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

### PART A Answer all questions

### Each question carries 1 mark

### Fill up the blanks:

1.	is person who o	owes money to another.
2.	is a list of ledge	er accounts balances.
3.	Pure accounting vouchers	s are similar to
4.	The short cut used for sal	es order is
5.	ledger is used v	when goods or services are sold outside the state.
Mult	tiple choice questions:	bright may ally with no trans.
6.	Which of the following b	elongs to primary group of capital nature.
	A)Purchase account	
	C) Capital account	D) Expense account
7.		not a pure inventory voucher.
	A) Purchase order	B) Receipt note
	C) Rejection out	D) Rejection in
8.	For which of the followin	g ledger accounts bill wise details are available.
	A) Sundry debtors	B) Sundry creditors
	C) Branch or division	D) All of the above.
9.	By which report we can co	ome to know if VAT is payable or refundable.
	A) E-VAT forms	B)VAT computation
	C) VAT forms	D) None of these.
10.	To print a voucher from ta	illy, we need to press
	A) Ctrl + P	B) Shift + P
	C) Alt + P	D) None of these.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

#### PART B

### Answer any eight questions Each question carries 2 marks

- 11. What is computerised accounting?
- 12. What is a voucher class?
- 13. What is rejections-out voucher?
- 14. List out hot-keys in Tally?
- 15. What do you mean by GST registration?
- 16. Explain BOM
- 17. What is abatement?
- 18. Explain multi-account printing.
- 19. What is ODBC?
- 20. Write about internet publishing.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ mark})$ 

#### PART C

## Answer any six questions Each question carries 4 marks

- 21. What are the different types of vouchers used in Tally?
- 22. What is a journal voucher? How do you create it in Tally?
- 23. Explain various types of bill reference.
- 24. Mention the advantages of computerised accounting system.
- 25. What are the different types of accounting packages?
- 26. Write short note on F12 configuration.
- 27. Explain the method of creating bank reconciliation statement in Tally.
- 28. Briefly explain the technological advantages of Tally.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ mar})$ 

#### PART D

### Answer any two questions Each question carries 15 marks

- 29. How can create a new company in Tally? Explain various items on the company creation screen.
- 30. What are account groups? Enumerate and explain predefined groups given in Tally.
- 31. What is purchase order? How do you create it in Tally? How can you delete a purchase order?

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ ma})$ 

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### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

### Sixth Semester BCOM CA Degree Examination, March/April 2020

### BCCA6B14 - Office Automation Tools

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

15.

What is goal seek?

Max. Marks: 80

# PART A Answer all questions Each question carries 1 mark

### Multiple choice questions:

1.	Ctrl+E button is u	used to align the text		
	a) At the left	b) At the centre	c) At the right	d) At the top
2.	Formulas in Exce	l always start with		
	a) %	b) +	c) -	d) =
3.	A new presentation	on can be created from		
	a) Blank Presenta	tion	b) From Existing Pre	esentation
	c) From Design T	emplates	d) All the above	
4.	is the	global address of docur	nents and other documer	nts on the WWW.
	a) IP address	b)URL	c) SLD	d)TLD
5	is a speci	alised device that conne	ects multiple network seg	gments
	a) Switch	b) Router	c) Network adapter	d) Terminal
Fill i	n the blanks:			
6.	IRC stands for			
7.	contro	ols all the main control t	asks for the presentation	
8.	is a large	letter that begins a para	agraph and drops through	several lines of text.
9.	function	a calculates the deprecia	ation of an asset.	
10.	The process of co	nverting digital signals	into analog signals is kno	own as
				$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$
		PAR		
		Answer any el Each carri		
11.	How can you set p	page orientation?		
12.	How can you inse	rt text in a slide?		
13.	What is smart Art	?		
14.	Write a note on te	mnlates		

- 16. What do you mean by WWW?
- 17. List out the basic formulas in Excel.
- 18. What is macro?
- 19. What is client-server computing?
- 20. How is NPV used in spreadsheets?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

# PART C Answer any six questions Each question carries 4 marks

- 21. Discuss various facilities available in the internet.
- 22. List out the mathematical functions available in Excel.
- 23. Discuss CORREL and STDEV functions.
- 24. What is text alignment? What are the different types of alignments available in MS Word?
- 25. Anu wants to replace the word 'governance' from her project report with the word 'administration'. Explain how is it possible?
- 26. Abi has to do the following page settings for his project report
  - Page margin with left 1.91 cm, right 2.55 cm, top 2.8cm and bottom 2.5cm.
  - Page size to A5

How can this be done?

- 27. How can you copy and paste slides in a presentation?
- 28. Briefly explain the applications of internet in business

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

#### PART D

## Answer any two questions Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Explain the process of mail merge in MS-Word.
- 30. What is internet protocol? What are the commonly used internet protocols?
- 31. Discuss different statistical functions available in Excel.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ mar})$ 

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FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

### Sixth Semester BCOM Degree Examination, March/April 2020 BCOM6B15 - Financial Management

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

		Answer all ques	Part-I tions. Each carries 1 mark.
A.	Choo	se the correct answer from the fo	llowing:
	1.	Discounting technique is used to	find out:
		(a) Future value of money	(b) Present value of money
		(c) Estmated value of money	(d) None of these
	2.	Capital gearing refers to the relati	onship between equity capital and:
		(a) Short term debt	(b) Net worth
		(c) Long term debt	(d) None of these
	3.	Which of the following is not a fi	xed asset:
		(a) Debtors	(b) Stock
		(c) Bills receivable	(d) Goodwill
	4.	Financing decision relates to:	
		(a) Capital structure	(b) Fixed assets
		(c) Working capital	(d) Dividend
	5.	The objective of financial manage	ement is:
		(a) Enhancing the share price	(b) Increasing profit
		(c) Reducing cost	(d) All of these
B. I	Fill in t	the blanks:	
	6.	Financial leverage is also called	
	7.	Difference between current assset	s and current liabilities is working
		capital.	
	8.	When dividend is paid out of capi	tal, it is termed as
	9.	is the minimum ra	te of return expected by investors.
	10.	In VED analysis 'V' stands for	
			(10x1=10 Marks)

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### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

### Sixth Semester BCOM Degree Examination, March/April 2020

### BCOM6B14 - Financial Derivatives

(2017 Admission onwards)

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I IIIIC.	3	hours

Time	Max. Marks: 80
	PART – I
	Choose the correct answer from the following questions.
	Each question carries 1 mark.
1	Which of the following is the commodity derivative exchange?
	a) BSE b) NSE c) MCX d) None of the above
2.	is the price paid by buyer to the seller for an option contract.
	a) Discount b) Premium c) Hedging d) VaR
3.	is a customized contract between two parties to buy or sell an asset at a certain
	time in the future for a certain price.
	a) Forward contract b) Futures contract c) Options contract d) None of the above
4.	is a trader who attempts to make profit by simultaneously entering in to
	transactions in to two or more markets.
	a) Arbitrageurs b) Speculators c) Hedgers d) None of the above
5.	NIFTY futures is thefutures
	a) Currency b) Index c) Commodity d) Gold
	(5 x 1=5 Marks)
Fill i	n the blanks. Each question carries 1 mark.
6.	are combination of option and swap.
7.	option can be exercised only at the expiration date.
8.	option grants the buyer the right to sell underlying asset to the writer at a specified
	price within a specified time.
9.	swap is a financial agreement between two parties who wish to change the
	interest payments or receipts in the same currency.
10.	Expand CBOT.
	$(5-1-5)M_{-1-1}$

 $(5 \times 1=5 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### PART - II

### Answer any eight questions from the following questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Define Derivative?
- 12. What do you mean by intrinsic value?
- 13. What is strike price?
- 14. What do you mean by interest rate futures?
- 15. What is equity swap?
- 16. What is initial margin?
- 17. What do you mean by spreading?
- 18. What do you mean by notional principle in interest rate swap?
- 19. What do you mean by bond index futures?
- 20. What is maintenance margin?

(8 x 2=16 Mar

#### PART-III

## Answer any six questions from the following questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Briefly explain regulatory frame work for derivative trading in India?
- 22. What are the differences between forward and futures?
- 23. Discuss the types of traders in futures markets with suitable examples.
- 24. What are the features of swaps?
- 25. Explain the concept of option in context to:
  - a) In- the- money
- b) at- the- money
- c) out of- the- money
- 26. What are the important terms used in option contract?
- 27. What are the differences between swaps and futures?
- 28. Explain the fundamental option trading strategies?

(6 x 4=24 Ma

#### PART IV

## Answer any two questions from the following questions. Each question carries 15 marks

- 29. What are the different types of derivatives? Explain the economic function derivatives?
- 30. What are the different types of swaps? Explain the mechanism of swaps.
- 31. Discus the history of derivative market?

(2x15=30 Ma

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### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Sixth Semester BCOM/BCOM CA Degree Examination, March/April 2020 BCOM6B13/BCCA6B13 - Auditing & Corporate Governance

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Answer	all	questions carry	1	mark

		Answer all question	ns carry 1 mark					
1.	Means in	Means income earned for this year, but not yet received at the date of balance						
	sheet.							
2.	theory propos	theory proposes that the business has accountability towards different						
	stakeholders in the so	ociety.						
3.	A qualified report is also known as							
4.	assets are huge revenue expenditure that has been temporarily capitalized with							
	the object of spreading	ng the amount to a nur	nber of years.					
5.	Expansion of OECD	is						
6.	The liabilities of an a	uditor can be	CO. ALL CLARENCE COST					
	[A] Civil	[B] Criminal	[C] Civil and Criminal.	[D] Official				
7.	In the year	, the cost and works ac	ecountant act was passed					
	[A] 1959	[B] 1960	[C] 1956	[D] 1962				
8.	Vouching of the balan	nces of all incomes and	d expenses account is known	as vouching of				
	[A] Personal ledger	[B] Impersonal ledge	er [C] Cash	[D] Sales				
).	Before the work of au	dit is commenced, the	auditor plans out the whole	of audit work is				
	called							
	[A] Audit plan.	[B] Audit note.	[C] Audit risk. [D] Audit p	rogramme.				
10.	Internal auditor is app	pointed by						
	[A] The managemen	t.	[B] The shareholders.					
	[C] The government		[D] The statutory body.					
			(10	v 1 = 10 Marks				

## PART B Answer any Eight out of the Ten questions which carry 2 marks)

- 11. Define auditing
- 12. What is teaming and lading?
- 13. What is a continuous audit?
- 14. Define vouching.
- 15. Define Corporate Governance.
- 16. Write three objectives of internal check.
- 17. What is internal auditing?
- 18. Define management audit.
- 19. Define audit programme.
- 20. What is whistle blowing?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

# PART C (Answer any Six out of the eight questions which carry 4 marks)

- 21. What are the difference between accounting and auditing?
- 22. " auditors as a watch dog and not a blood hound" -discuss
- 23. What are the advantages of audit programme?
- 24. What are the special attentions to be paid while examining vouchers?
- 25. What are the difference between internal audit and independent audit?
- 26. Explain qualities of a good audit report.
- 27. What are the various committees on corporate governance?
- 28. What are the duties of a company auditor?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ mark})$ 

#### PART D

### (Answer any Two out of the Three, which carry 15 marks )

- 29. What are the features of corporate governance? Explain various theories of corporate governance.
- 30. Define verification. Discuss verification and valuation of assets and liabilities.
- 31. Explain objects of audit. What are the advantages of audit?

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ mar})$ 

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### FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

### Sixth Semester BCOM/BCOM CA Degree Examination, March/April 2020 BCOM6B12/BCCA6B12 - Income Tax & GST

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

called

Max. Marks: 80

		Part A Answer all qu		
		Each question can	rries 1 mark.	
A.	Choose the correct answe	r:		
1.	The provision for the set of	f and carry forward of lo	osses in Income Tax A	Act, 1961 is given under:
	(a) Sections 65-75	(b) Sections 70-80	(c) Sections 80-90	(d) Sections 75-80
2.	Which of the following tax	which was not merged	into GST?	
	a) Counter veiling Duty	b) Excise duty	c) Basic Customs Do	uty d) VAT
3.	If the payee does not furnis	sh PAN and TDS under	section 194, dividend	s shall be made @:
	(a) 20%	(b) 15%	(c) 10%	(d) Nil
4.	Under which section HUF	is not entitled to deduct	ion from GTI?	
	(a) Section 80C	(b) Section 80D	(c) Section 80G	(d) Section 80E
5.	Supply of two or more taxa	able supplies naturally b	undled and supplied i	s called:
	a) Mixed supply	b) Composite supply	c) Common supply	d) Continuous supply
B.	Fill in the blanks:			
6.	A revised return can be file	ed after filing		
7.	Every registered person re	equired to keep and ma	intain books of accou	unt or other record for a
	period of			
8.	Advance payment of tax is	s also called		
9.	Supply shall at	tract IGST.		
10	. Supply of goods or service	es which constitutes the	predominant element	of a composite supply is

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

# Part B (Short Answer Questions) Answer any eight questions Each question carries 2 marks

- 11. What is tax rebate?
- 12. What is adjusted total income?
- 13. What do you mean by return of loss?
- 14. What do you mean by aggregation of income?
- 15. Why is Dual GST required?
- 16. What is meant by income escaping assessment?
- 17. List out any four exempted services from GST.
- 18. Who is an assessing officer?
- 19. What is the meaning of supply in GST?
- 20. How input tax is differing from Output tax?

 $(8 \times 2=16 \text{ M})$ 

# Part C (Short Essays) Answer any six questions Each question carries 4 marks

- 21. Mention the arguments against GST.
- 22. Write a note on Input Tax Credit.
- 23. State the procedure for e-filing of income tax return.
- 24. Which are the activities to be performed by GST Council?
- 25. How can a registered person cancel his GST registration?
- 26. Explain the rules regarding set off and carry forward of losses.
- 27. Explain the modes of recovery of income tax.
- 28. Mr.Raheem donated as under in the previous year 2018-19 by cheques except donation (e):

	₹.
(a) Africa Armenia relief fund	10,000
(b) National Defence Fund	50,000
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru University (of national eminence)	30,000
(d) Aid to poor students	4,000
(e) Books donated to an approved collage	18,000
(f) Approved Charitable Institution	60,000
(g) Cochin Municipality for promotion of family planning	20,000

His gross total income for the Assessment Year 2019-20 was 7,40,000. Fincurred expenditure of 45,000/- on the medical treatment of a disabled dependent. Calculated deduction allowable to him u/s 80G.

(6 x 4=24 Marks)

# Part D (Long Essays) Answer any two questions Each question carries 15 marks

- 29. Explain the rules regarding accounts and documents to be maintained by a registered person under GST system.
- 30. How can you illustrate CGST, SGCT and IGST?
- 31. Compute the gross total income of Mrs. Veena after setting of the different losses against other incomes and state the amount of losses to be carried forward for the P/Y 2018-19.

	₹.
1) Winnings from the Punjab State Lottery (net) received	140,000
2) A credit in his pass book the sources of which cannot be	
Explained	40,000
3) Received as interest on tax-free debentures of Caribbean's Ltd.	
(Not listed on any stock exchange)	4,500
4) Received as interest on debentures of Telco Ltd.	
(Listed on Mumbai stock exchange)	7,200
5) Rent received from letting out of a building along with plant,	
Machinery and furniture fitted therein	43,000
Expense on composite letting allowed:	
Depreciation 12,000	
Insurance 1,000	
Repairs 3,500	
6) Royalty received from writing articles	25,000
He claims expenses on stationery and typing	12,000
7) Loss from House Property	9,000
8) Business income (from silver)	1,45,000
9) Shares of loss in a firm	18,000
11) Loss in speculation	3,200
12) Dividends from an Indian Company	12,000
13) Loss arised from transfer of long-term capital assets	32,000
14) Capital Gains from short-term capital assets	45,000

(2 x 15=30 Marks)