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Reg. No:.....

Name:

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE
Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March/April 2020
BPSY6B11 – Abnormal Psychology II
(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks:80

PART A

Answer all questions. Each question carries one mark

1. Historically Dementia praecox was a condition first identified by
a.Freud b.Beeck c. Watson d.Kraepelin
2. Bipolar disorder used to be known as
a. Manic-depression b.Antisocial personality disorder
c. Border line personality disorder d. OCD
3. In Major Depression, which of the following is a significant neurotransmitter?
a.Serotonin b.Dopamine c.Betacarotine Epinephrine
4. Barbiturates are
a) CNS stimulants b) CNS depressants
c) No effect on CNS d) Hallucinogenic
5. Following withdrawal after extended heavy drinking over a number of years, the drinker may experience:
a.Delirium tremens b.Dysthymia c.Homeostasis d. Leptocurtic reaction

Fill in the blanks

6. In Schizophrenia, the term anhedonia refers to -----
7. Delusional disorder previously called -----
8. ----is a personality disorder in which pervasive pattern of attention seeking behavior and excessive emotions are present.
9. Unshakable false belief is known as -----
10. Cognitive triad of depression was proposed by -----

(10x 1= 10 Marks)

PART B

Answer any ten questions. Each questions carries two marks

11. Insomnia
12. Thought incertion
13. Waxy flexibilty
14. Serotonin
15. Cyclothymia

16. Alcoholanonymous
17. Dementia praecox
18. Elaborate double bind communication
19. Marital skew
20. LSD
21. Thought withdrawal
22. Double bind communication

(10x 2= 20 Marks)

PART C

Answer any six questions, each question carries five marks

23. Paranoid type of schizophrenia
24. Factors affecting drug abuse.
25. Clinical features of passive aggressive personality disorder
26. Cluster B personality disorder
27. Persecutory delusion
28. Types of depressants.
29. Clinical picture of alcohol abuse
30. Aversion therapy

(6x 5= 30 Marks)

PART D

Answer any two questions as essays. Each question carries ten marks

31. Elaborate treatment and outcome of drug abuse.
32. Briefly explain different types of personality disorder.
33. Describe biological and socio cultural factors of schizophrenia
34. What is schizophrenia. What are first rank symptoms of schizophrenia

(2x 10= 20 Marks)

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FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE
Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March/April 2020
BPSY6B12 – Applied Social Psychology
(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks:80

PART A**Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.****I. Choose the correct answer from the following options given.**

1. Cognitive dissonance theory formulated by

a) Festinger	c) Lewin
b) Piaget	d) Miller
2. Which of the following is not a characteristic of a theory

a) Testability	c) intervention
b) Parsimony	d) Unchangeable
3. -----focuses on gathering detailed stories about one individual or a small number of individuals

a) Case study	c) Narrative research
b) Phenomenological research	d) Correlational research
4. An awareness program about alcohol abuse is a kind of

a) Primary prevention	c) Territory prevention
b) Secondary prevention	d)None of the above
5. -----refers to getting advice, suggestions, or feedback from others and is especially helpful when we are in a situation, or are encountering a problem, that is new to us

a) Informational support	c) instrumental support
b) tangible	d)network support

Fill in the blanks

6. ----- refers simply to efforts that are made to encourage people to engage in healthy behaviors
7. -----refers to the effect of a preceding stimulus or event on how we react to a subsequent stimulus
8. ----- refers to creating barriers to successful performance prior to an achievement task
9. A prediction that specifies the relationship between variables is known as -----
10. The learning strategy involves the combinations of class mates in learning process is known as-----

(10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks

11. Stress
12. Child abuse
13. Any three qualitative research method in social psychology
14. Unemployment
15. Psychiatric social worker
16. Group think theory
17. Territory prevention
18. Optimism
19. Applied social psychology
20. Self perception theory
21. After – care work
22. Child abuse

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

III. Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks

23. Describe the related disciplines of social psychology
24. Effects of exposure to violent sexual material
25. The role of psychiatric social worker
26. Bio psychosocial model
27. School violence
28. Unemployment
29. Violence against women
30. Stress and coping

(6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

IV. Answer any two questions as essay. Each question carries 10 marks

31. Briefly explain the research methods in applied social psychology
32. Application of social psychology to the area of health
33. Discuss the social psychological roots of anxiety and depression
34. Briefly describe about positive social psychology

(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE
Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March/April 2020
BPSY6B13 – Counseling & Psychotherapy
(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks:80

PART-A

Choose the correct answer from the options given. Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Behavior learned gradually in steps through successive approximation is known as ---.
a. shaping b. punishment c. reinforcement d. time out
2. --- proposes REBT.
a. Maslow b. Fritz Perl c. Carl Roger d. Albert Ellis
3. --- is a defense mechanism where one attribute an unacceptable thought, feeling or motive on to another.
a. denial b. regression c. projection d. displacement
4. --- is the measure of a test which gives information regarding consistency of score.
a. reliability b. validity c. individual test d. measurement
5. --- involves preventing an aversive stimulus to a situation to suppress or eliminate a behavior.
a. generalization b. shaping c. punishment d. rehearsal

(5 x 1=5 Marks)

Fill in the blanks. Each question carries 1 mark.

6. --- is a test that must be completed within specified period of time.
7. --- is a simple mirror response to a client that lets the client know the counselor is actively listening.
8. --- is a genuine interest in and accepting of a client.
9. --- refers to the counselor's projected emotional reactions to or behavior towards the client.
10. Proponent of logo therapy is---

(5 x 1=5Marks)

PART-B

Answer any ten questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. Psychological testing
12. Educational counseling
13. Free association
14. Termination
15. Reinforcement
16. Crisis intervention
17. Irrational thinking
18. Resistance
19. Dream analysis
20. Debriefing
21. Validity
22. Punishment

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

23. Unconditional positive regard.
24. Counseling special groups
25. Marital counseling
26. Process of group counseling
27. Characteristics of Good Counselor
28. Role of counseling in work place
29. Defense mechanism
30. Family therapy

(6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

31. Explain the different therapeutic group work.
32. What is counseling and explain client centered approach to counseling?
33. Explain the basic concepts, goals and techniques used in Psychoanalysis.
34. Ethical issues in counseling context-Explain

(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)

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Reg. No:.....

Name:

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE
Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March/April 2020

BPSY6B14 – Cognitive Psychology

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks:80

PART A

Answer all questions. Each question carries one marks

1. Structure of intellect theory put forwarded by
a. Cattell b. Gardner c. Thurstone d. Guilford
2. The responses of a certain stimuli facilitate the responses of similar stimulus is called as
a. Priming b. Selective Attention c. Heuristics d. Sensory Memory.
3. Methods used in brain study except
- a. PET b. ECG c. fMRI d. EEG
4. Who introduced the term magical number
a. Miller b. Atkinson & Shiffrin c. Sternbergd. Craik & Lockhart
5. Who is the father of psychophysics
a. Weber b. Titchner c. Wundt d. Fechner

Fill in the blanks

6. The concept of fluid intelligence is forwarded by.....
7.theory discusses four attributes of intelligence.
8. The process of choosing to attend to some stimuli and to ignore others is known as.....
9. Brain-damaged condition in which only one object can be seen at a time is known as.....
10. Structural alterations within the brain caused by disease or injury is called....

(10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

PART B

Answer Any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks

11. Bodily kinaesthetic intelligence
12. Sensory memory
13. What is cognitive science?
14. Shallow processing
15. Cognitive neuroscience
16. Componential intelligence
17. Visuo spatial sketchpad
18. Emotional intelligence
19. Cognitive genomics
20. Perceptual constancy
21. g factor
22. Syntax

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

PART C

Answer Any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks

23. Hierarchical theory of intelligence
24. Technological roots of cognitive science
25. Multiple intelligence theory
26. Atkinson –Shiffrin model of memory
27. Structure of intellect model
28. PASS theory
29. Describe three dimensional model
30. Bottom up and top down processing

(6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

PART D

Answer Any two questions as essays. Each question carries 10 marks

31. Write about history of cognitive science
32. Traditional theories of intelligence
33. Differentiate cognitive psychology, cognitive neuroscience and neuropsychology
34. Describe research methods in cognitive neuroscience

(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)

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(Pages : 2)

Reg. No:.....

Name:

FAROOK COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOZHIKODE

Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March/April 2020

BPSY6B15 – Personality Psychology

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks:80

PART A**Answer all questions. Each carry 1 mark****I. Choose the correct answer from the options given below.**

1. Who suggested an atmosphere of unconditional positive regard towards the client.
a) Abraham Maslow b) Carl Rogers c) Karen Horney d) Alfred Adler
2. The feminine archetype in man is called -----
a) Anima b) Animus c) The shadow d) Complex
3. An adolescent adopts childish way of behaviour after a fearful experience. It is an example for
a) Reaction formation b) Projection c) Regression d) Sublimation
4. Which is not a fundamental psychological function according to Carl Jung.
a) Observation b) Thinking c) Sensation d) Intuition
5. ----- work based on the reality principle.
a) Id b) Ego c) Super ego d) Unconscious

II. Fill in the blank

6. According to Alfred Alder an individual's notion of what one should be is -----
7. Psychologically healthy person who live life to the fullest is known as ----- in Carl Rogers theory.
8. ----- is relatively enduring dimension along which people differ among one another.
9. An individual who is down to earth, simple and have narrow interest would be low in -----dimension of "Big-five factors".
10. According to Carl Rogers ----- help to foster congruent self-concept.

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

PART B

Answer any ten questions. Each carry 2 marks

11. Projection
12. Striving for superiority
13. What is basic anxiety?
14. Explain cardinal trait.
15. Explain life goals proposed by Alfred Alder
16. Define ideal self
17. Describe openness to experience.
18. What are the characteristics of a self-actualised person.
19. Which are the ways of experiencing the world according to Carl Jung.
20. What do you understand by peak experience.
21. Explain principles of creation.
22. Positive Psychology

(10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

PART C

Answer any six questions. Each carry 5 marks

23. Discuss the major concepts of Individual psychology
24. Write note on the role of Oedipus complex in the development of male sex role.
25. Discuss paths of Sufism
26. Illustrate Cardinal Central and Secondary dispositions.
27. Explain the conceptualisation of personality put forward by Carl Rogers.
28. Explain Archetypes.
29. Describe big five dimensions of personality
30. Describe "kundalini yoga"

(6 × 5 = 30 Marks)

PART D

Answer any two questions. Each carry 10 marks

31. Discuss various defence mechanisms used by the ego to reduce anxiety with examples.
32. Discuss 6 virtues and character strengths associated with it.
33. Illustrate hierarchy of needs put forward by Abraham Maslow. What are the characteristics of a self-actualized person.
34. Explain Zen Buddhist perspectives of personality development.

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)