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	FAROOK COLLE	GE (AUTONOMOU	S), KOZHIKODE		
		BA Degree Examin			
		5 – Marketing Man			
Max. Time:		15 Admission onwar	ds) Max. Marks: 80		
iviax. Time.	Jilours				
		Part A			
		Inswer all questions.			
	Lacn	question carries 1 m	ark.		
A. Choose	the correct answer:				
1.	The key term in the Amer	ican Marketing Assoc	ciation's definition of marketing is:		
	(a) Process.	(b) Value.			
	(c) Sales.	(d) Products.			
2.	Which of the following condepartment but it is pervas		principle that marketing is not a mpany.		
	(a) Modern.	(b) Societal.			
	(c) Holistic.	· (d) Selling.			
3.	The market where there is no physical delivery of goods is known as:				
	(a) Future market.	(b) Spot market			
	(c) Perfect market.	(d) Retail mark	et.		
4.	Which of the following is	not a tool of Consume	er promotion:		
	(a) Samples.	(b) Buying allo	wances.		
	(c) Rebates.	(d) Coupons.			
5.	The method of charging p	rices according to wha	at competitors are charging is called:		
an a	(a) Premium pricing.	(b) Going rate	pricing.		
	(c) Target pricing.	(d) Differential	l pricing.		
B. Fill in	the blanks:				
6.	The concept of marketing	ng mix was developed	by		
7.	is the proce	ss of creating an imag	ge for a product in the minds of targeted		
	customers.				
8.	goods are p	ourchased without any	planning or thought.		

The negative feelings which arises after purchases causing inner tension is known as

----- is described as silent salesman.

9.

10.

Part B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Define Consumer goods?
- 12. What is Product line?
- 13. What is consumer behaviour?
- 14. What is Sales promotion?
- 15. What is Dual pricing?
- 16. What is Promotion mix?
- 17. What do you understand by Marketing Myopia?
- 18. What is meant by Brand equity?
- 19. What is Demographic segmentation?
- 20. What is Electronic retailing?

 $(8 \times 2=16 \text{ marks})$

Part C (Short Essay Questions) Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. What are the elements of Marketing mix?
- 22. What is Packaging? Describe the functions of Packaging.
- 23. Define Service marketing. Explain its elements.
- 24. Explain the qualities of a good salesman.
- 25. What are the factors to be considered in selecting channel of distribution?
- 26. Distinguish between Publicity and Public relation.
- 27. What are the social factors influencing Consumer behaviour?
- 28. Explain the strategies of pricing of new products.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- What do you mean by Product Life Cycle? Explain the various stages of Product Life Cycle. Discuss its importance and limitations.
- 30. Define Market Segmentation. Discuss the various bases of Market Segmentation.
- Define Personal Selling . Explain the steps in Personal Selling . Discuss its advantages and disadvantages.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

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	FAROOK COLLEG	E (AUTONOMOUS	S), KOZHIKODE		
	Fourth Semester BB				
	BBIVB06	- Financial Manag	gement		
		5 Admission onward			
Max. I	ime: 3 hours		Max. Marks: 8		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Answer all the quest	PART – A tions. Each carries	one mark		
		14 Henr			
1.	According to traditional approac	h, the cost of capital	l is affected by		
2.	dividend promis	es to pay the shareh	olders at a future date.		
3.	determines the	determines the number of years required to recover initial			
	investment outlay.				
4.	In a Miller-Orr cash managemen	nt model, 'Z' represe	ents		
5.	Wealth maximisation means ma				
6.	High proportion of gearing will				
	A) Market rate risk	B) Financ	ial risk		
	C) Business risk		t rate risk		
7.					
7.	If EBIT is less than the financial	•			
	A) Cost of debt raises		ill be negative		
	C) EPS will be positive	D) There	will be no impact on EPS		
8.	The NPV method of capital bud	geting assumes that	cash flows are reinvested at		
	A)Risk-free rate	B)Discou	nt rate used in the analysis		
	C) Internal rate of return	D) Cost o	f debt.		
9.	Total risk of a firm is measured	by			

A) Combined leverage

C) Financial leverage

Finance function involves

A) Procurement of fund only

C) safe custody of funds only

10.

B) Expenditure of funds onlyD) Procurement and effective utilisation of funds

B) Operating leverage

D) EBIT-EPS Analysis.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

PART-B

Answer any 8 questions from Ten, answer in two or three sentences. Each carries 2 marks

- 11. What is capital rationing?
- 12. What is CAPM?
- 13. What is arbitrage process?
- 14. What is clientele effect?
- 15. Define cost of capital.
- 16. What do you mean by financial BEP?
- 17. What do you meant by overtrading?
- 18. Define financial management.
- 19. What is trading on equity?
- 20. State the hedging approach to working capital management.

 $(8 \times 2=16 \text{ marks})$

PART-C

Answer any 6 questions, each carries 4 marks

- 21. Critically evaluate the objectives of financial management?
- A 7 year, Rs 100 debenture of a firm can be sold for a net price of Rs 97.50. The rate of interest is 12 per cent per year and debentures will be redeemed at 5 per cent premium on maturity. The firm's tax rate is 30 per cent. Compute the cost of debenture.
- 23. Consider the following information for Max Enterprises; EBIT Rs 1120, Profit Before Tax- Rs 320, fixed cost Rs 700. Calculate the percentage change in EPS if sales increased by 5 per cent.
- 24. Explain briefly the factors affecting working capital needs of an organisation
- Sharma Ltd decides to liberalise the credit to increase its sales. The liberalised credit policy will bring additional sales of Rs 3, 50,000. The variable cost will be 65 % of sales and there will be 12 % risk for non-payment and 6 % collection costs. Will the company benefit from the new credit policy?
- 26. The current price of a company's share is Rs 80 and the dividend per share is Rs 5. Calculate the dividend growth rate, if its capitalisation rate is 12 per cent
- 27. From the following data, compute the value of the firm and equity capitalisation rate under Net operating income approach; Outstanding debenture Rs 250,000, cost of debt 10 per cent, operating income Rs 55,000, overall cost of capital 12.5 per cent.
- What is factoring? Give a brief account of the major functions of a factor

PART – D Answer any 2 questions, each carries 15 mark.

T ltd has an investment budget of Rs 100 lakhs for 20x8-x9. It has short listed two projects A and B after completing the market and technical appraisals. The management wants to complete financial appraisal before making the investment. Particulars regarding the projects are, Salvage value- nil for both projects. Estimated life 10 years for both projects. SLM depreciation is followed. Tax rate is 50%.

Particulars	Project A (Rs	Project B (Rs
	lakhs)	lakhs)
Investment required	100	90
Average annual cash flow	28	24
before depreciation		•
and tax		

Calculate a) Pay- back Period and b) Internal Rate of return.

30. The following is the capital structure of HimalayaLtd as on 31st march 20X8; Equity shares (of Rs 100 each) Rs 20 lakh, 10% preference shares (of Rs 100 each) Rs 8 lakh, 12% debentures Rs 12 lakh.

The market price of the company's share is Rs 110 and it is expected that a dividend of Rs 10 per share would be declared after 1 year. The dividend growth rate is 6%.

- A) If the company is in the 50% tax bracket, compute the weighted average cost of capital.
- B) Assuming that in order to fiancé an expansion plan, the company intended to borrow a fund of Rs 20 lakh bearing 15% rate of interest, what will be the company's revised WACC? This financing decision is expected to increase dividend from Rs 10 to Rs 12 per share. However, the market price of equity share is expected to decline from Rs 110 to Rs 105 per share.
- What is capital structure? What are the major determinants of capital structure?

 Briefly explain the approaches to capital structure.

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		Com/BBA/BVOC/BM			arch 2017
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		•	ssion onwards)		Pag
Max.	Time: 3 hours			***	Max. Marks:
			100		
		PART	Γ A	Toddelet Quantum	
	Answe	er ALL questions. Each	h auestion carrie	s 1 mark	
I Ch	oose the correct ans	wer	****		
1.		lant and machinery in	ancillary units she	ould not exceed	
	a)Rs. 25 lakhs	b) Rs. 2 crores	c)Rs.5 crores	d) Rs.10 c	rores
2.	The MSME Develo	opment Act came into f	force in the year		
	a)2005	ь)2006	c)2008	d)2010	
3.	Which of the follow	ring is a technique of p	roject identificat	ion?	
	a)CVP Analysis	b)Desk Research	c)Sensitive An	nalysis d)SWOT	
4.	Which is not a disco	ounted cash flow techn	ique?		
	a) ARR	b) IRR	c) NPV	d) N/P	
5.	Minimum number	of members to form an	ED Club is		
	a) 20	b) 25	c) 50	d) 60	
пь	ill in the blanks				
6.	skill refers to	the ability to conceiv	e new ideas and p	products	unijeri" - i
7.	IRR is also called	•••••			
8.	technique	is used to assess expec	cted profitability		
9.	units provid	le inputs to other indus	tries		
10.	is the differen	ence between Sales and	Break-even Sale	es .	

(10 x 1=10 marks)

PART B

Answer any EIGHT questions. Each question carries 2 marks

- 11. What do you mean by Seed Capital?
- 12. What is STEP?
- 13. What is Techno-economic analysis?
- 14. What is product mix?
- 15. What is business incubation?
- 16. Define Drone Entrepreneurs.
- 17. What is Social Marginality?
- 18. What is Occupational Mobility?
- 19. Define Industrial Estate
- 20. What is ideal location?

 $(8 \times 2=16 \text{ marks})$

PART C

Answer any SIX questions. Each question carries 4 marks

- 21. What is project formulation? Describe its significance.
- 22. What factors have bearing on the plant capacity?
- 23. Describe the rationale of NPV method.
- 24. Distinguish between NPV and IRR
- 25. What are the steps involved in PERT?
- 26. What are the functions of ED Club?
- 27. What are the skills required by entrepreneurs?
- 28. "Innovation is key to entrepreneurship." Discuss.

 $(6 \times 4=24 \text{ marks})$

PART D

Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries 15 marks

- 29. "The greatest problem of women entrepreneurs is that they are women" Discuss.
- 30. What is Technical Analysis of a Project? Discuss the various aspects to be considered in Technical Analysis.
- 31. Define Project Report. Explain its contents.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

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	FAROOK CO	DLLEGE (AUTONOMO	OUS), KOZHIKOI	DE
		ter BBA Degree Exam		017
	B	BIVC04- Managemen		
Max Ti	me: 3 hours	(2015 Admission onv	varas)	Max. Marks:
Max. 11	ine. 5 hours		designated at their	repr vegati di
		PART -A		moternity T
	[Answer all Quantum A feasible solution which	estions. Each question		
1.		maximizes total revenu	le of illillillize tota	i costs is carred
	solution.			
	(a)Minimal	(b) maximum	(c) optimum (d) None of these
2.	It is not a technique of op	erations research		
	(a)Linear programming	(b) Game theory	(c) Simulation	(d) Quality control
3.	The model in which one	set of properties is used	to represent anothe	er set of properties is
	called			
	(a)Analogue model	(b) symbolic model	(c) iconic mode	(d) None of these
4.	is an activity orie	ented diagram		
	(a)CPM	(b) PERT	(c) Looping	(d) None of these
5.	Decision making under c	ertainty refers s	situation	
	(a)Deterministic	(b) uncertainty	(c) competition	(d) None of above
וניקו	ll in the blanks			
	tries to optimize	a well defined objective	e function subject	to constraints
6.		is a special type of	nrogramme	
9 71	The state of the s			

7. A transportation problem is a special type of ----- programme

8. ----- is the shortest possible time in which an activity can be completed under ideal conditions, if everything goes well.

9. An activity whose float is zero is called-----

10. ----- is the duration by which an activity can be delayed without delaying the project.

 $(10 \times 1=10 \text{ Marks})$

PART-B

[Answer any eight Questions. Each question carries 2 marks]

- 11. What is a critical path
- 12. Give two applications of linear programming in the area of finance in business
- 13. Define feasible solution
- 14. What is EMV
- 15. Name any three approaches or methods used with transportation problem for determining the starting solution
- 16. Define operations research
- 17. What is float
- 18. What is an opportunity loss table
- 19. Define game theory
- 20. What is an optimum solution

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

PART-C

[Answer any six Questions. Each question carries 4 marks]

- 21. Explain North west corner method of solving a transportation problem
- 22. What are the methods used for solving operations research model
- A farm is engaged in breeding pigs. The pigs are fed on various products grown on the farm. In view of the need to ensure certain nutrient constituents (call them X, Y, Z), it is necessary to buy two additional products; say A and B. One unit of product A contains 36 units of X, 3 units of Y and 20 units of Z. One unit of product B contains 6 units of X, 12 units of Y and 10 units of Z. The minimum requirement of X, Y and Z is 108 units, 36 units and 100 units respectively. Product A costs Rs 20 per unit and product B Rs 40 per unit. Formulate the above as a linear programming problem.
- 24. Write a short note on the following
 - (a)Iconic model
- (b) Analogue model (c) Symbolic model
- 25. What are the advantages and disadvantages of PERT
- 26. Explain the term EVPI
- 27. Explain the management application of network analysis
- 28. Find the initial basic feasible solution for the following transportation problem by VAM

	D_1	D_2	D_3	D_4	Capacity
O_1	19	30	50	10	7
O_2	70	30	40	60	9
O_3	40	8	70	20	18
Demand	5	8	7	14	34

PART -D [Answer any two Questions. Each question carries 15 marks]

(2014 Field) - N. H. W. HOWKERSEN

- 29. Discuss the role and scope of OR in business for scientific decision making
- 30. Solve the following LPP graphically

$$\max z = 4x_1 + 3x_2$$

subject to

$$2x_1 + x_2 \le 1000$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 800$$

$$x_1 \le 400$$

$$x_2 \le 700$$

$$x_1 \ge 0$$
 and $x_2 \ge 0$

31. A project consists of the following activities

Activity	Immediate predecessors	Time (weeks)		
A		6		
В		9		
C	A	9		
D	B,C	3		
E	B,C	12		
F	- D	6		
G	E,F	3		

- (i) Draw a project diagram
- (ii) What is the project completion time? Which of the activities must be completed in time so that the project may be completed in time

 $(2 \times 15=30 \text{ marks})$